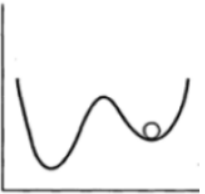
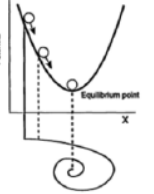


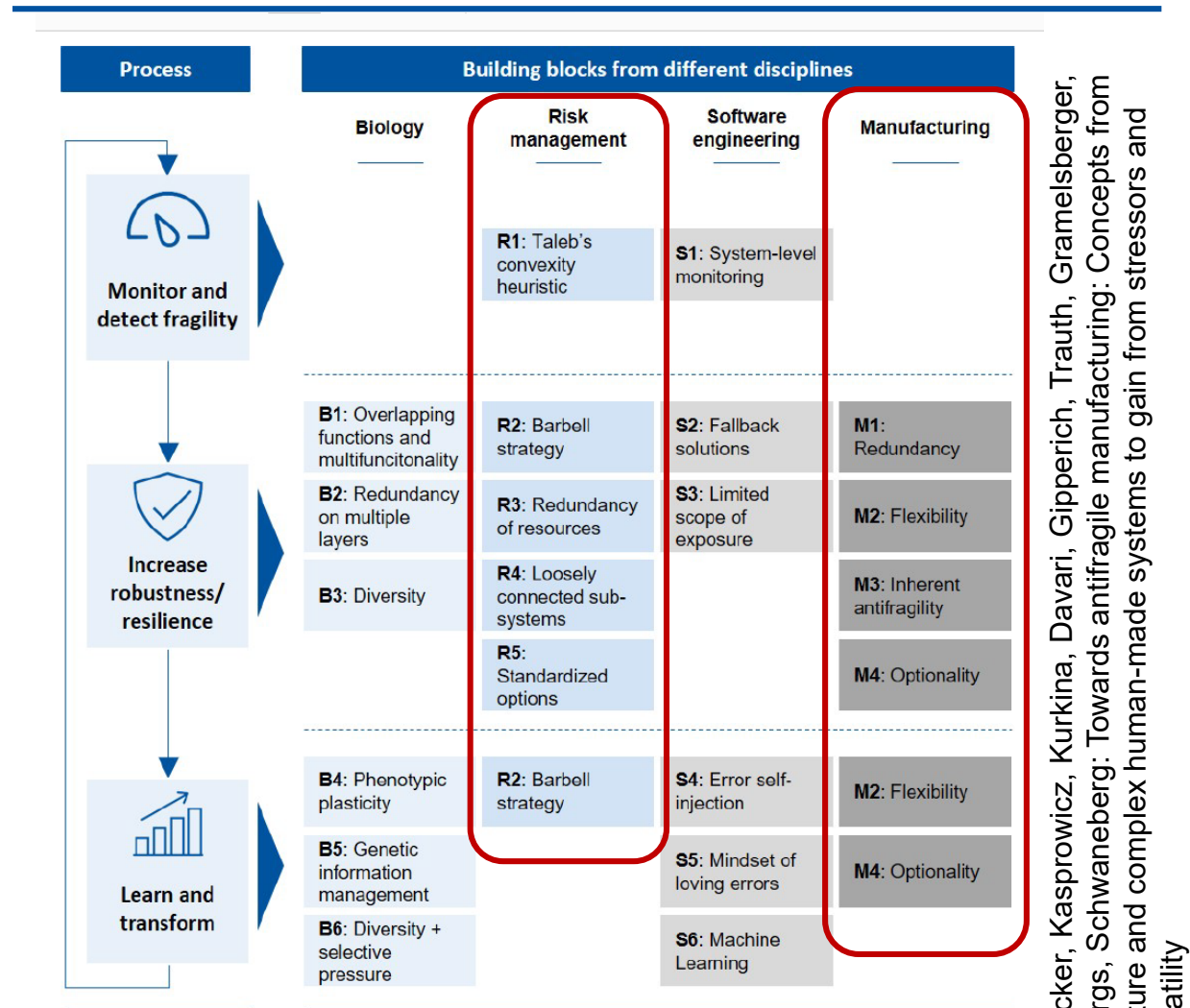
## Aktuelle Energiekrise:

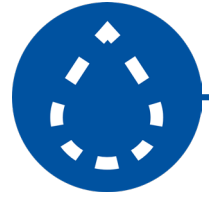
- Abhängigkeit von einzelnen Ländern
- Abhängigkeit von fossilen Rohstoffen
- Abhängigkeit von wenigen/spezialisierten Technologien/Transportpfaden/Standorten (z.B. NS/Schwedt)

- Entwicklung eines resilienten Conversion Systems for Renewable Energy and Carbon Sources
- Resilient: Resistent gegen techno-ökonomische, umweltbedingte, geopolitische und sozio-ökonomische Stressoren
- „Building back better“ – Fähigkeit eines Systems mit multiplen Stressoren umzugehen und sich dabei weiterzuentwickeln
- Transformation: Entwicklung von fossil zu erneuerbar



	Ecological resilience	Engineering resilience	Supply chain resilience
Background	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ecological science:</li> <li>Biology</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Environmental science: Engineering, Physics, Mathematics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Economic science</li> </ul>
Definition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>...determines the persistence of relationships within a system and is a measure of the ability of these systems to absorb changes of state variables, driving variables, and parameters, and still persist.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>...a systems' speed of recovery after a disturbance</li> <li>...preserving critical functions, ensuring a controlled shutdown and using generic capabilities and adjustable engineering solutions to assist a fast recovery of complex systems in the event of an unexpected disaster.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>no generic accepted definition</li> <li>various definitions highlight different aspects</li> <li>most important definition elements: focus event, performance level, speed, adaptive framing</li> </ul>
Attributes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>persistence</li> <li>change</li> <li>unpredictability</li> <li>variability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>efficiency</li> <li>constancy</li> <li>predictability</li> <li>control</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>efficiency</li> <li>flexibility</li> <li>mitigation</li> <li>contingency</li> </ul>
Functional focus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Existence of function</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Efficiency of function</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cost-efficient function</li> </ul>
Equilibrium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>multiple equilibriums</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>one global equilibrium</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>not discussed</li> </ul>
Stability view	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>focus on boundaries of the stability domain</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>focus on centred equilibrium and its near surroundings</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>not discussed</li> </ul>
Assessment approach	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>mainly qualitative inductive theory</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>mainly quantitative deductive theory</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>qualitative and quantitative</li> </ul>
Resilience measurement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>size and shape of the stability domain</li> <li>strength of rejecting forces at the boundary</li> <li>resistance of the domain to perturbation</li> <li>state-variable approach</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>return time or rate of return to its previous condition and initial equilibrium after perturbation</li> <li>ITAE</li> <li>resilience triangle</li> <li>cost/time/performance related measures</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>resilience indices</li> <li>general measures</li> <li>optimization approaches</li> </ul>
Visualization of equilibrium			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>not discussed.</li> <li>some authors refer to the realisation of a "better state" after a disturbance, but without providing a clear specification.</li> </ul>
Resilience phases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>adaptive cycle: exploitation, conservation, creative destruction, renewal</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>prepare, prevent, protect, respond, recover</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>readiness, response, recovery, growth</li> <li>anticipation, resistance, recovery, response</li> </ul>





# Resilient Conversion Systems for Renewable Energy and Carbon Sources

## Multiple Sources

→ CO<sub>2</sub>/Biomasse/Abfall, Elektrizität/H<sub>2</sub>; geopolitische Streuung

## Multiple Funktionalität

→ (chemische) Plattformen als Ausgangspunkt mit vielen Anschlussmöglichkeiten für Energy/Chemicals, Speicherung

## Diversität / Optionalität

→ Vielfalt an Technologien, Vielfalt an Ressourcen, Vielfalt an Prozesspfaden

## Flexibilität

→ flexible Prozess(pfad)e, Speicher- und Transportfähigkeit zur Entkopplung und Überbrückung räumlicher und zeitlicher Disparitäten

## Loose verbundene Systeme

→ Transporte/Speicherung, (internationaler) Handel, globale diversifizierte Supply Chains

## Building / Bouncing Back Better / Adaptivität

→ adaptive Systeme, Entwicklungsfähigkeit, Technologieoffenheit

**Ableitung von Projekten  
und Forschungsthemen  
im Bereich Resilienz**

**Framework für Antrag?**



# Resilient Conversion Systems for Renewable Energy and Carbon Sources

- Niklas van der Aßen → Prozesspfade, techno-ökonomische, umweltorientierte Resilienz
- Roß-Nickoll/Du → Toxikologie einzelner Moleküle und Blends
- Alexander Mitsos → Flexibilität, Adaptivität auf Prozessebene
- Katrin Arning → individuelle Akzeptanz → vom Advisory Board als „nicht so relevant“ bezeichnet
- Grit Walther (?) → Systembewertung und -gestaltung, techno-ökonomische Resilienz → geopolitische Resilienz, Risikobewertung
- assoziiert: Sandra Venghaus → sozio-ökonomische Resilienz, Policy/Governance

!!! Herausforderung: Modellierung des globalen Gesamtsystems, „Energieweltmodell“